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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/535,307	12/07/2005	Andrew N Margioris	Q87992	3693
23373	7590	10/02/2007	EXAMINER	
SUGHRUE MION, PLLC			BORGEEST, CHRISTINA M	
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.				
SUITE 800			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20037			1649	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/02/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/535,307	MARGIORIS ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Christina Borgeest	1649

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --  
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 December 2005.  
 2a) This action is FINAL.                    2b) This action is non-final.  
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application.  
 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.  
 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.  
 6) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are rejected.  
 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.  
 8) Claim(s) 1-14 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  
 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
     Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
     Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  
 a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:  
     1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  
     2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.  
     3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

## DETAILED ACTION

### *Formal Matters*

It has been noted that Applicants have written claims 1 providing for "the use" of CRH-R1 antagonists and/or CRH-R2 agonists, but since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, which does not comply with 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd. v. Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966). Rewriting claims that comply with 35 U.S.C. 101 is recommended. For the purposes of the restriction requirement claims 1-3, 11 and 12 will be interpreted as being directed to methods of making a medicament.

### Advisory Information

Applicant is advised that the final rules on claims and continuations were published in the Federal Register Tuesday, August 21, 2007. As of November 1, 2007, the claims in each application may not exceed 5 independent claims or 25 total claims absent the applicant assisting the examination process through the filing of an Examination Support Document (ESD). The following is taken from the published rules package:

- **Applicants may present, without an ESD, up to:**
  - **Five (5) independent claims or**
  - **Twenty-five (25) total claims in an application.**

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- Applicant may present more than 5/25 claims, if applicant files an ESD before the first Office action on the merits (FAOM).
- The 5/25 claim threshold does not count withdrawn claims.
  - Applicant may provide a suggested restriction requirement (SRR) before first Office action or a restriction requirement.
- The 5/25 claim threshold does count all of the claims present in other copending application(s) having a patentably indistinct claim, but not the claims in issued patents.
  - Applicant may present up to 15/75 claims via an initial application and 2 continuation or CIP applications prosecuted serially.

The final rules will become effective November 1, 2007, and will apply to all pending applications as of that date. Applicants are advised to ensure that the elected claims are compliant with the new rules to avoid delay of prosecution. There will be no change to the examiner practice prior to the date the rules become effective.

Information on the new rules will be available at the website found at:

[uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/dapp/opla/presentation/clmcontfinalrule.html](http://uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/dapp/opla/presentation/clmcontfinalrule.html). If Applicant has any questions concerning the new rules, email [patentpractice@uspto.gov](mailto:patentpractice@uspto.gov) or call 571-272-7704.

#### *Election/Restrictions*

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

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Group I, claim(s) 1-3, 11, 12 (all in part) are drawn to methods of making synthetic CRH-R1 antagonists for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition.

Group II, claim(s) 1-3, 11, 12 (all in part) are drawn to methods of making synthetic CRH-R2 agonists for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition.

Group III, claim(s) 4-10 and 13-14 (all in part) are drawn to pharmaceuticals and kits comprising CRH-R1 antagonists.

Group IV, claim(s) 4-10 and 13-14 (all in part) are drawn to pharmaceuticals and kits comprising CRH-R2 agonists.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. The inventions listed above do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, the inventions lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons. First, evidence in the prior art suggests that CRH-R1 antagonists and CRH-R2 agonists are not obvious variants. For instance, McCarthy et al. (Curr Pharm Des. 1999 May;5(5):289-315) teach in the abstract:

While the natural mammalian ligands oCRF and r/hCRF have high affinity for the CRF1 receptor subtype, they have lower affinity for the CRF2 receptor family making them ineffective labels for CRF2 receptors...A number of non-peptide CRF1 receptor antagonists that can specifically and selectively block the CRF1 receptor subtype have recently been identified. Compounds such as CP 154,526 (12), NBI 27914 (129) and Antalarmin (154) inhibit CRF-stimulation of cAMP or CRF-stimulated ACTH release from cultured rat anterior pituitary cells.

Thus, providing evidence that antalarmin (recited in claim 2) is specific and selective for CRH-R1. Second, Webster et al. (Ann N Y Acad Sci. 1998 May 1;840:21-32) provide evidence that antalarmin, displaced 125I-labeled ovine CRH binding in rat pituitary, frontal cortex, and cerebellum (i.e., where the CRH-R1 receptor resides), but not heart (i.e., where the CRH-R2 receptor resides), consistent with antagonism at the CRHR1 receptor. In addition to providing further evidence of the distinctness of the two receptor subtypes, Webster et al. provide a priori evidence that antalarmin was available (and thus could be made) and that it could be useful for the treatment of inflammation (see abstract):

In vivo antalarmin significantly inhibited CRH-stimulated ACTH release and carrageenin-induced subcutaneous inflammation in rats. Thus, antalarmin and other related compounds that antagonize CRH at the level of its own receptor have therapeutic potential in some forms of

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inflammation directly mediated by type 1 CRH receptors and promise to enhance our understanding of the many roles of CRH in immune/inflammatory reactions.

Although the claims do not specify a patient population, thus they encompass the methods of making antalarmin for any purpose, Webster et al. nevertheless provide evidence of a link between antalarmin and the suppression of inflammation.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.

All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. **Failure to do so may result**

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**in a loss of the right to rejoinder.** Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christina Borgeest whose telephone number is 571-272-4482. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00am - 1:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Chan can be reached on 571-272-0841. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Christina Borgeest, Ph.D.

/Elizabeth C. Kemmerer/  
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1646